Otomar Hájek Correction to "Structure of dynamical systems"

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## Commentationes Mathematicae Universitatis Carolinae 6, 2 (1965)

## CORRECTION TO "STRUCTURE OF DYNAMICAL SYSTEMS" Otomar HAJEK, Preha

In corollary 20 of the title paper (Comment.Math.Univ.Carol. 6,1(1965),53-72) a rather elementary error occurred; there it may be traced to the manifestly incorrect assertion that a locally  $T_{go}$  space is  $T_2$ . The reader is requested to make the following alterations:

Corollary 20. Let P be open in  $P^A$ . If P is  $T_0$  or  $T_1$  then so is  $P^A$ . Assuming  $P^A$  is  $T_2$ , if P is  $T_p$  or an n-manifold, then so is  $P^A$ .

Theorem 25. Let  $\tau$  be a d system with unicity on an nmanifold P. Then P is open in P<sup>A</sup>.

Delete theorem 28 completely, and also the last assertion in prop. 29 (i.e. "for every non-critical ... obtain.") Omit the last sentence in the summary, and the very last assertion in the introduction, pp. 53-4.

This re-emphasises the question, under what conditions on  $\tau$  is P<sup>A</sup> a T<sub>2</sub> space whenever P is such (an example may be given wherein P is a 2-manifold and P<sup>A</sup> is not T<sub>2</sub>). The following assertion exhibits a sufficient condition: If  $\tau$  is a d system with unicity on P compatible with a T<sub>2</sub> topology  $\tau$  on P, and if  $\sigma_{\chi}$  depends continuously on  $x \in P$ , then the natural topology  $\hat{\tau}$  on P<sup>A</sup> is again T<sub>2</sub> (cf. definition 1(i) and theorem 17). The proof of this will be published elsewhere; and also of the statement that any d system with

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unicity on a 1-manifold has this property. Thus the assertions of example 30 remain valid.

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